

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims replaces all previous listings of claims in this application.

1. (Currently amended) A surgical valve having an axis extending between a proximal end and a distal end, comprising:
 - a housing including a proximal housing portion and a distal housing portion adjustably cooperating with the proximal housing portion to define a gel cavity;
 - a seal material disposed in the gel cavity, the seal material including a gel having non-compressible characteristics, the gel having characteristics for creating a pressure on an instrument extending through the valve to form a seal around the instrument;
 - a proximal guide tube extending axially proximally from the proximal housing portion; the proximal guide tube facilitating insertion of a surgical instrument into the seal material; and
 - a distal guide tube extending axially distally from the distal housing portion, the distal guide tube facilitating retrograde insertion of the surgical instrument into the surgical seal, wherein the proximal guide tube includes exterior portions extending proximally of the proximal housing portion and interior portions extending distally of the proximal housing portion, wherein [[: and]]
~~means for adjustably moving~~ the proximal housing portion is adjustably movable axially relative to the distal housing portion to increase the pressure of the incompressible gel on the instrument and to create a locking force tending to inhibit movement of the instrument relative to the valve.
2. (Original) The surgical valve recited in Claim 1, further comprising:
 - a Luer lock coupled to the distal housing portion; and
 - the distal guide tube being included within the Luer lock.
3. (Canceled)
4. (Original) The surgical valve recited in Claim 1, wherein:
 - the seal material defines an axial channel through the gel; and

the proximal guide tube contacts the seal material around the axial channel at the proximal end of the valve.

5. (Currently amended) The surgical valve recited in Claim 1, wherein:
the seal material and the distal housing portion form a subassembly free of a circumferential seal between the seal material and the distal housing portion; and
the proximal guide tube applies a force to the seal material in the subassembly to form a circumferential seal between the gel and the distal housing portion.

6. (Original) A surgical valve, comprising:
a first housing portion defining a gel cavity;
a seal material including a gel and having a node and an axial channel;
a subassembly including the seal material disposed in the gel cavity, the seal material being configured with the channel in an open state; and
a second housing portion disposed in juxtaposition to the first housing portion and applying a force to the seal material in the subassembly, the force being of a magnitude sufficient to place the channel of the seal material in a closed state.

7. (Original) The surgical valve recited in Claim 6, wherein the second housing portion applies the force to the seal material with a magnitude sufficient to create a circumferential seal between the seal material and the first housing portion.

8. (Original) The surgical valve recited in Claim 7, wherein the second housing portion includes an axial guide tube, and the guide tube applies the force to the seal material in the subassembly.

9. (Original) The surgical valve recited in Claim 8 wherein the guide tube contacts the node of the seal material to apply the force to the seal material.

10. (Currently amended) A surgical valve adapted to form a seal around a surgical instrument extending through the valve, comprising:
a first housing portion;
a second housing portion adjustably engaging the first housing portion and defining with the first housing portion a gel cavity having a volume;

a gel disposed within the gel cavity and having properties including flowability and incompressibility, the gel having characteristics for creating a pressure on the instrument to form a seal with the instrument, wherein ~~[[; and]]~~

~~means for adjustably moving~~ the second housing portion is adjustably movable axially relative to the first housing portion to increase the pressure of the incompressible gel on the instrument and to create a locking force tending to inhibit movement of the instrument relative to the valve.

11. **(Withdrawn-currently amended)** The surgical valve recited in Claim 10 wherein the ~~moving means comprises~~ first housing portion and the second housing portion comprise:

complimentary screw threads disposed on the first housing portion and the second housing portion, the screw threads facilitating axial movement of the first housing portion relative to the second housing portion to reduce the volume of the gel cavity and to create the locking force between the incompressible gel and the instrument.

12. **(Withdrawn)** The surgical valve recited in Claim 11, further comprising:
a first tab fixed to the first housing portion;
a second tab fixed to the second housing portion;
the first tab and the second tab forming a first tab pair moveable relative to each other to decrease the volume of the gel cavity.

13. **(Withdrawn)** The surgical valve recited in Claim 12, further comprising:
a third tab fixed to the first housing portion;
a fourth tab fixed to the second housing portion;
the third tab and the fourth tab forming a second tab pair moveable relative to each other to increase the volume of the gel cavity.

14. **(Withdrawn)** The surgical valve recited in Claim 13, wherein the first valve pair is disposed on a side of the valve opposing the second tab pair.

15. **(Withdrawn)** The surgical valve recited in Claim 13 wherein the fourth tab of the second tab pair is integral with the second tab of the first tab pair.

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16-25. (Canceled)